

Abstract Submitted
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Analytical model of cold-cathode breakdown in helium at extremely high electric field and low pressure¹ LIANG XU, ALEXANDER KHRABROV, IGOR KAGANOVICH, Princeton Plasma Physics Lab, TIMOTHY SOMMERER, General Electric Global Research, PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LAB COLLABORATION, GENERAL ELECTRIC GLOBAL RESEARCH COLLABORATION — An analytical model is developed for gas ionization breakdown at extremely high values of reduced electric field (the ratio E/n of electric field to gas density) between parallel-plate electrodes in helium. The value of E/n under investigation varies in the range of 70–6600 kTd ($1 \text{ kTd} = 10^{-18} \text{ Vm}^{-2}$) for $pd \sim 0.5 \text{ Torr-cm}$, where p is the gas pressure and d is the electrode separation. The model includes anisotropic scattering for all species and fast neutral atom backscattering at electrodes, as well as fast-neutral impact ionization. The results are compared to those from a detailed Particle-In-Cell/Monte Carlo (PIC/MCC) simulation (Liang Xu et. al., Investigation of the Paschen Curve for Helium in 100-1000 kV Range), and to experimental measurements. Analytical model results are sufficiently accurate for $E/n \sim 1000 \text{ kTd}$ if the model treats the electrons as a single beam and assumes that charge exchange is the dominant collision process which determines the local distributions of ions and fast neutral atoms.

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