Abstract Submitted for the GEC17 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Cryogenic etching: A solution for damage-free narrow trench etching¹ QUANZHI ZHANG, STEFAN TINCK, ANNEMIE BOGAERTS, University of Antwerp — Porous materials are commonly used in microelectronics, as they can meet the demand for continuously shrinking electronic feature dimensions. However, they are facing severe challenges in plasma etching, due to plasma induced damage. A hybrid Monte Carlo-fluid model is employed to investigate cryogenic C_4F_8 plasma etching of porous materials. It is shown that the plasma induced damage gradually decreases with lowering the substrate temperature, which allows that C_4F_8 condenses inside the pores. Negligible plasma induced damage can be achieved around -110 C. However, the etching rate is reduced due to the pore filling with C_4F_8 . The simulation results of both etching rate and plasma induced damage as a function of wafer temperature are validated by experimental results, performed at imec.

¹We acknowledge the support from Marie Skodowska-Curie actions (Grant Agreement-702604).

Quanzhi Zhang University of Antwerp

Date submitted: 31 May 2017

Electronic form version 1.4