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Air Plasma Generation with an Electrically Conductive Liquid Column Jet<sup>1</sup> KEISUKE TAKASHIMA, KENJI NIHEI, TOSHIRO KANEKO, Grad. School of Eng., Tohoku University — For the plasma agricultural application, a liquid jet spray through an air plasma has been developed. An electrically conductive water solution jet with  $KNO_3$  is injected into a discharge domain and utilized as the grounded electrode to generate the plasma. This realizes significant power loading to the gas-liquid interface plasma and the plasma exposed liquid column jet collapses into droplets. Liquid phase reactive oxygen and nitrogen species (RONS<sub>aq</sub>) and the gas phase RONS<sub>gas</sub> are experimentally characterized by reagent test kits and FTIR, respectively. The experimental characterization on the  $OH_{aq}$ production indicates that most of OH<sub>aq</sub> can be generated near the liquid surface. The gas-liquid interface reactions can be significantly modulated by the liquid flow rate, inferred from the measured gas phase RONS<sub>gas</sub> composition. Conidium suspension liquid droplets are sprayed by the plasma exposed solution to evaluate the antibacterial effect of the plasma exposed solution. The generated  $NO_{2gas}$  density founds to be well related to the conidium germination suppression effect under a similar OH<sub>aq</sub> generation. Therefore, the gas-liquid interface reactions generating RONS are considered to play an important role on suppressing the conidium germination.

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