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Effect of  $N_2$  on decomposition of  $CO_2$  using a hybrid plasma source KWAN-YONG KIM, KYUNG-HYUN KIM, HO-JUN MOON, BUM-SEOK KIM, CHIN-WOOK CHUNG, Hanyang university — Conversion of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) into carbon monoxide (CO) and oxygen (O) is studied using a hybrid plasma source with  $N_2/CO_2$  ratios. The hybrid plasma source consists of an antenna and an electrode, which are connected in parallel. An external variable capacitor ( $C_v$ ) is installed in series with the antenna which can control current ratio between the antenna and the electrode. This plasma source can selectively control of inductive coupling and capacitive coupling. The Optical emission spectroscopy (OES) is used to measure the intensities of CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, and O. Electron temperatures, electron densities and energy probability functions (EEPFs) were measured using a single Langmuir probe. The decomposition energy efficiency and the decomposition efficiency of CO<sub>2</sub> under various discharge conditions are obtained. Experiment shows that high energy electron population increases with N<sub>2</sub> ratio, and CO from CO<sub>2</sub> is increased.

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