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 $\Lambda(1405)$ as a pentaquark SACHIKO TAKEUCHI, Japan College of Social Work, KIYOTAKA SHIMIZU, Sophia University — Recent findings of the strangeness +1 particle gives new light to $q^4\overline{q}$ systems. Here we apply this method to investigate the features of the old but not-fully-understood baryon: $\Lambda(1405)$. From the quark model view points, $\Lambda(1405)$ has been considered as the flavor-singlet q^3 state with the orbital excitation. On the other hand, it has been reported that the state can also be understood as N \overline{K} and $\Sigma \pi$ states [1]. Recent works of hyperuclei also suggest that $\Lambda(1405)$ may have a more complicated structure than a simple baryon [2]. It is known that the NK (TJ^P)= $(0 \ 1/2^{-})$ state does not have a repulsion from the color-magnetic interaction, CMI. By introducing the mixing among the $q^4\overline{q}$ flavor multiplets, we have found that there are two states where CMI are strongly attractive and may form a resonance below the NK theshold. It is also interesting what kind of states they become when the system is bound in nuclei. In the present talk, we will discuss the features of the $q^4\overline{q}$ systems with the strangeness -1 (TJ^P)= $(0 1/2^{-})$, and argue that this component may be important and should be mixed to the q^3 state.

[1] V.K.Magas, et.al. hep-ph/0503043.

[2] T.Suzuki, et.al. PLB597(04)263; Y.Akaishi and T.Yamazaki, PRC65(02)044005.

Sachiko Takeuchi Japan College of Social Work

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