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Shell-model description of N = Z,  $A \sim 70$  nuclei MICHIO HONMA, University of Aizu, TAKAHARU OTSUKA, University of Tokyo, TAKAHIRO MIZUSAKI, Senshu University, MORTEN HJORTH-JENSEN, University of Oslo — We present the results of shell-model calculations in the model space consisting of four single-particle orbits  $1p_{3/2}$ ,  $0f_{5/2}$ ,  $1p_{1/2}$  and  $0g_{9/2}$  using a new semi-microscopic effective interaction. The structure of N = Z nuclei around <sup>68</sup>Se is discussed focusing especially on the role of the  $g_{9/2}$  orbit. The development of the band structure is interpreted in terms of successive excitations of nucleons into the  $g_{9/2}$  orbit. The triaxial/ $\gamma$ -soft structure in <sup>64</sup>Ge and the prolate/oblate shape-coexistence in <sup>68</sup>Se are predicted, showing a good correspondence with the experimental data. The isomeric states in <sup>66</sup>As and <sup>70</sup>Br are obtained with the structure of an aligned proton-neutron pair in the  $g_{9/2}$  orbit. In spite of the modest model space, the new interaction turns out to describe rather well properties related to the  $g_{9/2}$  orbit in various cases including moderately deformed nuclei.

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