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Photoexcitation of Astrophysically Important States in ²⁶Mg RICHARD LONGLAND, UNC-Chapel Hill, RICHARD DEBOER, University of Notre Dame, CHRISTIAN ILIADIS, UNC-Chapel Hill, GENCHO RUSEV, AN-TON TONCHEV, Duke University, MICHAEL WIESCHER, University of Notre Dame — The 22 Ne $(\alpha,n)^{25}$ Mg reaction is an important source of neutrons for the s-process in massive stars and Asymptotic Giant Branch (AGB) stars. Spin-parity ambiguities of levels in the ²⁶Mg compound nucleus result in large uncertainties in the reaction rates at temperatures relevant to these environments. We report the results of a nuclear resonance fluorescence experiment at the High Intensity γ -ray Source (HI γ S) that used a linearly polarised photon beam to populate levels in ²⁶Mg at astrophysically important excitation energies. High precision excitation energies, branching ratios, and unambiguous spin-parities were assigned to five levels between $E_x = 10.5$ and 11.2 MeV. We will discuss the $E_r = 630$ keV resonance, which, contrary to previous findings, has been found to have unnatural parity, and thus does not contribute to the 22 Ne+ α rates. In addition, two natural parity states, located below the neutron threshold, are expected to reduce rate uncertainties for the competing ${}^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,\gamma){}^{26}\text{Mg}$ reaction significantly.

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