

Abstract Submitted
for the HAW09 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Complex-Scaled CDCC method for nuclear breakup reactions

MASAAKI TAKASHINA, RCNP, Osaka Univ., TAKAYUKI MYO, Osaka Inst. Tech., YUMA KIKUCHI, YOSHIHARU HIRABAYASHI, KIYOSHI KATO, Hokkaido Univ. — Nuclear breakup process is very important for light unstable nuclei (typically halo nuclei) induced reactions because of their weak-binding nature. The continuum-discretized coupled-channel (CDCC) method is known to be one of the powerful method to describe the nuclear breakup reaction. Indeed, CDCC has been applied to a number of analyses for the breakup reactions of both the stable and unstable nuclei, and the successful results have been obtained. In the present study, we propose complex-scaled CDCC (CS-CDCC) method, in which only the internal coordinate and momentum of the projectile are complex-scaled. The expected advantages of CS-CDCC are (1) in spite of the discretization, we can obtain the continuous S matrix elements without the smoothing function, because the continuum level density is correctly obtained, (2) in the framework of the complex scaling method, three-body scattering state can be solved properly, (3) the resonance state is strictly separated from the continuum states, and this fact is more advantageous for investigation of reaction mechanism than the ordinary CDCC method. We apply CS-CDCC to the $d \rightarrow p + n$ breakup reaction on a ^{58}Ni target at $E_d=80$ MeV to confirm the availability of CS-CDCC. We also plan to apply it to breakup reactions of light unstable nuclei.

Masaaki Takashina
RCNP, Osaka Univ.

Date submitted: 30 Jun 2009

Electronic form version 1.4