Abstract Submitted for the HAW09 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Evolution of Nuclear Many-Body Forces with the Similarity Renormalization Group¹ ERIC JURGENSON, Ohio State Univ., PETR NAVRATIL, Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab, RICHARD FURNSTAHL, Ohio State Univ. — The first practical method to evolve many-body nuclear forces to softened form using the Similarity Renormalization Group (SRG) in a harmonic oscillator basis is demonstrated. When applied to 4He calculations, the two- and three-body oscillator matrix elements yield rapid convergence of the ground-state energy with a small net contribution of the induced four-body force.

¹Supported by NSF Grant No. PHY–0653312, UNEDF SciDAC Collaboration under DOE Grant DE-FC02-07ER41457, and LLNL under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.

Eric Jurgenson Ohio State University

Date submitted: 30 Jun 2009

Electronic form version 1.4