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of Q-Weak Measurement Detector Sensitivities JOSHUA HOSKINS, College of William and Mary, Q-WEAK COLLABORATION — The Q-Weak experiment at Jefferson Laboratory will provide a 4% measurement of the proton's weak charge (Q_w^p) using parity-violating electron scattering from a liquid Hydrogen target. The scattering rates into the detectors depend significantly on five electron beam parameters at the target: transverse position x and y, angle x' and y', and incident energy, E. Small helicity-correlated variations in these parameters produce false asymmetries which are enhanced by various broken symmetries in the apparatus. While great care is being taken to suppress or eliminate helicitycorrelated changes in beam parameters at the polarized source, we will measure the detector sensitivities $(dA_f/dx_i \ (i=1..5))$ for first order offline correction of beam false asymmetries. To directly measure the detector sensitivities, we will modulate the beam in (x,x',y,y') using pairs of electromagnets, and in E using an SRF cavity. We estimate a 10% measurement of the 5 beam sensitivities will be possible each day using only 1% of our total beam time. I will discuss simulations of predicted detector sensitivities, as well as our group's work on the design and implementation of a robust beam modulation system.

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