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Study of double- $\Lambda$  Hypernuclei at J-PARC (E07) experiment KAZUMA NAKAZAWA, Gifu University, E07 (J-PARC) COLLABORATION — To study double strangeness system such as double- $\Lambda$  hypernuclei and H-dibaryon, Hybrid-emulsion experiments with counter (E176) and scintillating-fiber (E373) have been performed for these twenty years. In the experiments, we have obtained nearly ten thousand events of  $\Xi^-$  hyperon capture at rest in nuclear emulsion, and observed 8 events of sequential decay of light double- $\Lambda$  hypernuclei and 5 events of twin hypernuclei. Recently, we succeeded to measure two  $\Lambda$  binding energies of  ${}^{6}_{\Lambda\Lambda}$  He,  ${}^{11}_{\Lambda\Lambda}$  Be and  ${}^{13}_{\Lambda\Lambda}$  B. However, very little is known for double-strangeness system. In this talk, we present a quite improved experiment (E07 at J-PARC) with ten times' statistics of the previous experiments. A new-generation hybrid-emulsion method is applied to search for double- $\Lambda$  hypernuclei. In the experiment, we handle Double-sided Silicon Strip tracking Detector (DSSD) for precise detection of  $\Xi^-$  hyperon in the emulsion, and huge amount of emulsion gel (2.6 tons). We also develop speedy scanning system to complete scanning of  $10^6 \Xi^-$  hyperons within a few years. It is expected that one million  $\Xi^-$  hyperons produce about  $10^2$  double- $\Lambda$  hypernuclear events in the emulsion. We will make a nuclear chart with double strangeness.

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