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Astrophysical measurements with radioactive $^{17}\mathrm{F}$ beams at HRIBF¹ D.W. BARDAYAN, C.D. NESARAJA, S.D. PAIN, M.S. SMITH, ORNL, K.A. CHIPPS, U. GREIFE, Col. School Mines, J.C. BLACKMON, LSU, K.Y. CHAE, B.H. MOAZEN, S.T. PITTMAN, U. Tenn., R. HATARIK, W.A. PETERS, Rutgers, R.L. KOZUB, J.F. SHRINER, JR., Tenn. Tech., C. MATEI, ORAU — The astrophysical rates of the $^{14}\mathrm{O}(\alpha,p)^{17}\mathrm{F}$ and $^{17}\mathrm{F}(p,\gamma)^{18}\mathrm{Ne}$ reactions affect the transition to the αp -process in x-ray bursts and $^{18}\mathrm{F}$ production in novae, respectively. Both reactions have been studied in the laboratory with the intense radioactive $^{17}\mathrm{F}$ beams delivered at HRIBF. Recently beam intensities greater than 10^7 $^{17}\mathrm{F}$ ions/s have become available, making possible the first direct measurement of the $^{17}\mathrm{F}$ $(p,\gamma)^{18}\mathrm{Ne}$ cross section [K. A. Chipps et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 152502 (2009)]. These high beam intensities also provide an opportunity to make the first precise determination of the resonance strength of the $1^{-14}\mathrm{O}$ $(\alpha,p)^{17}\mathrm{F}$ resonance near $\mathrm{E}_{c.m.}$ =1 MeV. Recent results and upcoming plans for measurements with $^{17}\mathrm{F}$ beams at the HRIBF will be presented.

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