## Abstract Submitted for the HAW14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

 $^7\mathrm{Be}$  Solar Neutrino Measurement with KamLAND CHRISTO-PHER GRANT, University of California, Davis, KAMLAND COLLABORATION — KamLAND is a multipurpose, 1-kton liquid scintillation detector located in the Kamioka underground laboratory, in Japan. Two distinct liquid scintillator purification campaigns were performed in 2007 and 2008-2009, where the background event rates from decays of  $^{85}\mathrm{Kr}$ ,  $^{210}\mathrm{Bi}$ , and  $^{210}\mathrm{Po}$  were reduced by factors of  $6\times10^{-6}$ ,  $8\times10^{-4}$ , and  $5\times10^{-2}$ , respectively. This dramatic suppression of low-energy backgrounds increased KamLAND's sensitivity to new physics below 1 MeV. We report a measurement of the 862 keV  $^7\mathrm{Be}$  solar neutrino flux with KamLAND, thereby providing the first independent cross-check of this important quantity. The details of the solar neutrino analysis will be presented, along with a comparison to Standard Solar Model flux predictions.

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