

Abstract Submitted
for the HAW14 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Ab Initio NCSM/RGM for Three-Cluster Structure Systems¹

CAROLINA ROMERO-REDONDO, TRIUMF, SOFIA QUAGLIONI, Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab, PETR NAVRÁTIL, TRIUMF, GUILLAUME HUPIN, Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab — The *ab initio* no-core shell model/resonating group method (NCSM/RGM) introduced in [1] is a technique able to describe both structure and reactions in light nuclear systems. This approach combines a microscopic cluster technique with the use of realistic inter-nucleon interactions and a consistent microscopic description of the nucleon clusters. In this work, we introduce the treatment of three-body cluster dynamics, making the approach suitable for the investigation of systems presenting such structure. We present results obtained for ${}^6\text{He}$ within a ${}^4\text{He}(\text{g.s.})+n+n$ basis [2]. We find a bound state in the $J^\pi T = 0^+1$ channel, corresponding to the ${}^6\text{He}$ ground state. On the continuum, we obtained the experimentally well-known 2_1^+ resonance as well as the second low-lying 2_2^+ resonance recently measured at GANIL [3]. In addition, we predict low-lying resonances in $J^\pi = 1^+, 2^-,$ and 0^- channels. We will present initial results including core excitations through the no-core shell model with continuum coupling and for the structure of ${}^5\text{H}$ within a ${}^3\text{H}+n+n$ basis.

[1] S.Quaglioni and P. Navrátil, PRL 101, 092501 (2008), [2] S. Quaglioni, C.Romero-Redondo, P. Navrátil, PRC 88, 034320 (2013), [3] X. Mougeot *et al*, Phys. Lett. B 718

¹Prepared in part by LLNL under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344. Support from the NSERC Grant No. 401945-2011 and U.S. DOE/SC/NP (Work Proposal No. SCW1158) is acknowledged. TRIUMF receives funding via a contribution through the Canadian Nat. Research Council

Guillaume Hupin
Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab

Date submitted: 30 Jun 2014

Electronic form version 1.4