

Abstract Submitted  
for the HAW14 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Research of Superheavy Element at RIKEN** KOSUKE MORITA,  
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An isotope of the 113<sup>th</sup> element,  $^{278}113$ , were produced by the  $^{209}\text{Bi}(^{70}\text{Zn}, n)$  reaction using gas-filled recoil ion separator (GARIS). Three decay chains originating from  $^{278}113$  were observed. Two of them consisted of four consecutive alpha decays followed by spontaneous fission (SF). One consisted of six consecutive alpha decays. These were assigned to the decay,  $^{278}113(\alpha) \rightarrow ^{274}\text{Rg}(\alpha) \rightarrow ^{270}\text{Mt}(\alpha) \rightarrow ^{266}\text{Bh}(\alpha) \rightarrow ^{262}\text{Db}(\text{SF}/\alpha) \rightarrow ^{258}\text{Lr}(\alpha) \rightarrow$ . The reaction  $^{248}\text{Cm} + ^{48}\text{Ca}$  was studied using GARIS. Five decay chains terminated by SF were observed. The decay properties of the chains agree well with the chains observed, and assigned to  $^{292}\text{Lv}$  and  $^{293}\text{Lv}$ , at Dubna and at GSI in the same reaction. Possible new alpha decay branch of  $^{284}\text{Cn}$  and subsequent SF of possible new isotope  $^{280}\text{Ds}$  were observed.

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Date submitted: 01 Jul 2014

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