

Abstract Submitted  
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**Boron excess and external pressure effects on NbB<sub>2</sub>**<sup>1</sup> RICHARD FALCONI, DACB UJAT, RAUL ESCAMILLA, IIM UNAM, ALEJANDRO DURAN, CCMC UNAM, FRANCISCO MORALES, IIM UNAM, ROBERTO ESCUDERO, IIM UNAM — We report structural and electronic studies on NbB<sub>2+x</sub> with nominal compositions  $2.0 \leq \text{B/Nb} \leq 2.6$ . After refinement the obtained compositions were found that are superconducting for  $(\text{B/Nb})_{ref} \geq 2.20(2)$ . Structural analyses reveal that the boron excess induces significant changes in the Nb-B bond length, giving rise to an increase in the *c* axis and in the cell volume. The superconducting transition temperature,  $T_C$ , increases with boron content to a maximum at 9.8 K, for the composition  $(\text{B/Nb})_{ref} = 2.34(1)$ . Electrical resistance measurements as a function of temperature and pressure show that  $T_C$  decreases at different rates, depending on boron excess. Samples with high concentration of boron show low  $dT_C/dP$  rates. These experimental results are discussed in terms of possible Nb vacancies. The changes of  $T_C$  are correlated with the evolution of the structural parameters and compared with theoretical predictions of band structure.

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