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The effect of Nd substitution on superconductivity of $PrOs_4Sb_{12}$ P.-C. HO, N.P. BUTCH, T. YANAGISAWA, W.M. YUHASZ, N.A. FREDERICK, T.A. SAYLES, D.P. AROVAS, M.B. MAPLE, Physics and IPAPS/UCSD, J.B. BETTS, A.H. LACERDA, NHMFL/LANL — The filled skutterudite compound $PrOs_4Sb_{12}$ is an unconventional heavy fermion superconductor with $T_c=1.85K$. Our recent study shows that NdOs₄Sb₁₂ is a heavy fermion ferromagnet $(T_{FM} \sim 1K)$ with possible spin wave excitations. Previous experimental evidence suggests that the superconducting pairing in $PrOs_4Sb_{12}$ is spin-triplet, which, when considered along with the low T_{FM} of NdOs₄Sb₁₂ implies that PrOs₄Sb₁₂ may be near a ferromagnetic quantum critical point. We have measured zero-field ac magnetic susceptibility and electrical resistivity between 0T and 8T for the $(Pr_{1-x}Nd_x)Os_4Sb_{12}$ system with x=0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8. The superconductivity persists to x=0.4 and the ferromagnetism appears above x=0.6. In the normal state of samples with x=0.1, 0.2, 0.4, the features related to the antiferroquadrupolar phase are clearly observed, in contrast to the disappearance of the features above x=0.05 in the $Pr(Os_{1-x}Ru_x)_4Sb_{12}$ system. The phase diagrams of T_c and T_{FM} -Nd concentration x and H-T will be presented. Funded by U.S. DOE and NSF; NHMFL by NSF, FL, and DOE.

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