

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR05 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Acoustic Studies of the Superconductor Magnesium Diboride

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— MgB₂ is currently of great interest because this simple two element compound is a superconductor with the highest transition temperature for a Bardeen-Cooper-Schrieffer (BCS) type superconductor. As for other BCS superconductors, important quantities to measure through the superconducting transition include the ultrasound velocity and attenuation. Measuring these quantities for MgB₂ is difficult because good single crystal samples are very small. Recently we have succeeded in making such measurements, using resonant ultrasound spectroscopy (RUS) for small samples[1], on high quality crystals grown epitaxially on SiC. We have also completed some preliminary measurements on small crystalline samples obtained from J. Karpinski. [1] J. D. Maynard, *Physics Today*,49,26-31 (1996), “Resonant Ultrasound Spectroscopy.”

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Date submitted: 30 Nov 2004

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