

Abstract Submitted
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Scattering-type near-field infrared microscopy of selforganized nanodomains of diblock copolymers MARKUS B. RASCHKE, LEOPOLDO MOLINA, Max-Born-Institute, Berlin, Germany, DONG HA KIM, WOLFGANG KNOLL, Max Planck Institute for Polymer Research, Mainz, KARSTEN HINRICH, ISAS - Institute for Analytical Sciences, Berlin — The expansion of scattering-type scanning near-field optical microscopy (*s*-SNOM) into the infrared spectral region provides the ability to achieve all-optical resolution down to the several nanometer range in combination with the chemical sensitivity of infrared spectroscopy. Here, we have performed a nanometer scale surface analysis and identification of domains formed by phase separation of the diblock copolymers polystyrene-*b*-polyvinylpyridine (PS-*b*-P2VP) and polystyrene-*b*-polyethyleneoxide (PS-*b*-PEO). This has been achieved by means of non-interferometric IR-scattering detection based on epi-illumination of sharp Au-coated cantilever tips in a non-contact atomic force microscopy configuration. Contrast is obtained probing characteristic differences in the C–H stretch vibrational resonances between the different polymer constituents and a spatial resolution down to 10 nm has been made possible. The mechanism of the near-field tip-sample coupling by vibrational resonances responsible for the imaging contrast has been deduced and can be modelled based on the dielectric functions of the polymer compounds measured by spectroscopic ellipsometry.

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