

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR05 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Thermal Expansion and Magnetostriction in $\text{Pr}_5\text{Ni}_2\text{Si}_3$ Single crystal S.H. SONG, J.E. SNYDER, D. WU, T.A. LOGRASSO, K.W. DENNIS, R.W. MCCALLUM, Y. JANSSEN, D.C. JILES, Materials and Engineering Physics Program, Ames Laboratory, U. S. Dept. of Energy — $\text{Pr}_5\text{Ni}_2\text{Si}_3$ is the second member of the series, $\text{R}_{(n+2)(n+1)}\text{Ni}_{n(n-1)+2}\text{Si}_{n(n+1)}$, which consists of three compounds with $n=2,3$ and 4 with similar hexagonal crystal structures and exhibiting uniaxial magnetic anisotropy with an easy c axis. In this study, thermal expansion and magnetostriction of $\text{Pr}_5\text{Ni}_2\text{Si}_3$ single crystals were investigated parallel and perpendicular to the easy axis over the temperature range of 5 to 300 K under applied magnetic field up to 9 T. The magnetic contribution to the thermal expansion was determined by approximating the phonon contributions to thermal expansion using the Debye-Gruneisen model. The results reflect two different magnetic phase transformations upon cooling, one corresponding to the Curie temperature (41 K) and the other exhibiting characteristics of a spin reorientation. Ames Lab. is operated for the US Department of Energy by Iowa State University under contract number W-7405-ENG-82.

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Date submitted: 30 Nov 2004

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