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Magnetic Switching In Permalloy Ellipses By Field Pulse<sup>1</sup> HYUK-JAE JANG, PETE EAMES, E. DAN DAHLBERG, Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Minnesota, DOUG STONE, Physics Dept., St. Olaf College — The switching behavior of patterned Ni<sub>81</sub>Fe<sub>19</sub>(permalloy) particles induced by a magnetic field pulse has been studied using magnetic force microscopy (MFM). Arrays of permalloy elliptical elements, 340 nm×130 nm with a thickness of 40 nm, were patterned directly onto a copper microstrip line. The magnetization of the ellipses was first saturated in one direction and then a pulsed magnetic field was applied along their hard axis with a constant bias field (348 Oe), which was lower than their switching field  $H_s$  (~ 0.85 $H_s$ ), along their easy axis. The switching probabilities P(t) of the elements were measured repeating the process 100 times at room temperature with various durations and amplitudes of the field pulse. The ellipses showed quite different behaviors in P(t) even though their static switching fields had a similar angular dependence. The data will be discussed in terms of a model for the thermally activated switching and the Stoner-Wohlfarth model.

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