

Abstract Submitted  
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**Ce doping in T-La<sub>2</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> films: Broken electron-hole symmetry in high-T<sub>c</sub> superconductivity** AKIO TSUKADA, HIDEKI YAMAMOTO, NTT Basic Research Laboratories, MICHIO NAITO, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology — We attempted Ce doping in La<sub>2</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> with the K<sub>2</sub>NiF<sub>4</sub> (*T*) structure by molecular beam epitaxy. With low growth temperature and appropriate substrate choice, we found that Ce can be incorporated into the K<sub>2</sub>NiF<sub>4</sub> lattice up to  $x \sim 0.06$ , which has not yet been realized in bulk synthesis. The doping of Ce made *T*-La<sub>2-x</sub>Ce<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> more insulating, which is in sharp contrast to Ce doping in La<sub>2</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> with the Nd<sub>2</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> structure, which made the compounds superconducting. The observed smooth increase in resistivity from hole-doped side (*T*-La<sub>2-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub>) to electron-doped side (*T*-La<sub>2-x</sub>Ce<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub>) indicates that electron-hole symmetry is broken in the *T*-phase materials. We propose that the nature of the insulating state in *T*-La<sub>2-x</sub>Ce<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> is of a Kondo insulator instead of a Mott insulator. The insulating mechanism based on Kondo interaction between Cu3d spins and O2p holes explains the global evolution of the resistivity and also the pseudo gap phenomenon from hole-doping to electron doping.

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