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Ferromagnetic spin fluctuation and possible triplet superconductivity due to inter-orbital Hund's-rule coupling in $\text{Na}_x\text{CoO}_2 \cdot y\text{H}_2\text{O}$
MASAHITO MOCHIZUKI, YOUICHI YANASE, MASAO OGATA, Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Tokyo — Electronic structure and superconductivity in $\text{Na}_x\text{CoO}_2 \cdot y\text{H}_2\text{O}$ are studied theoretically by using a fluctuation-exchange approximation. This material has partially-filled Co t_{2g} orbitals and LDA calculation shows that its Fermi surface consists of more than two bands. Thus, we expect that the multi-band or multi-orbital contributes to the low-energy electronic state in this material. We employ a multi-orbital Hubbard model which includes the Co t_{2g} orbitals. Tight-binding parameters are determined to reproduce the LDA band dispersions. To analyse this model, we extend the fluctuation-exchange approximation to a triply-degenerate orbital case. We will discuss that several important and interesting aspects appear which are not expected in a single-band model. One of them is a ferromagnetic (FM) spin fluctuation which is enhanced by the inter-orbital Hund's-rule coupling. This FM spin fluctuation leads to triplet pairing mainly on the disconnected hole-pocket Fermi surfaces, in contrast to the naive expectation of RVB superconductivity in a single-band t - J model. We will also discuss the obtained results in the light of available experimental findings. On the basis of these analyses, we will point out that $\text{Na}_{0.35}\text{CoO}_2 \cdot 1.3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ can provide a key material for clarification of roles of orbitals on the superconductivity in the strongly correlated electron systems.

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