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History of the Wave Structure of Matter (WSM) MILO WOLFF, M.I.T. (retired), GEOFF HASELHURST, Space and Motion - Australia — The puzzling structure of the electron is due to the belief that it is a discrete particle. Einstein deduced this impossible since Nature's properties do not match the discrete particle. Clifford, 1876, rejected discrete matter and suggested a WSM. Schroedinger, 1937, proposed to eliminate discrete particles writing: What we observe as material bodies and forces are nothing but shapes and variations in the structure of space. Particles are just schaumkommen (appearances). Mach's principle of inertia, 1883, first recognized a role of the space medium. Theory was developed by Milo Wolff, 1990-04, and Geoff Haselhurst (SpaceAndMotion.com) using the Scalar Wave Equation to find solutions that form a quantum-wave structure with all the electron's properties plus the Schroedinger Equation. Carver Mead, 1999, applied the WSM to design Intel micro-chips correcting errors of Maxwell's magnetic Equations. New applications of the WSM are concerned with matter at molecular dimensions: nanotechnology, new alloys and catalysts, the mechanisms of biology and medicine, molecular computers and memories.

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