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Evolution of ferroelectric and antiferromagnetic phases of TbMn_2O_5 under high magnetic fields up to 45 T S.Y. HAAM, T.H. KIM, K.H. KIM, Seoul National University, S. PARK, N. HUR, S.-W. CHEONG, Rutgers University, A. MIGLIORI, NHMFL-LANL — Recent discovery of ferroelectric (FE) polarization reversal/imprint actuated by an external magnetic field in multiferroic TbMn_2O_5 has opened up promising device application potentials such as magnetically-recorded ferroelectric memory [1]. For better understanding of the interplay between magnetism and ferroelectricity in the multiferroic, we determined high field vs temperature phase diagram of TbMn_2O_5 from dielectric constant, pyroelectric current and magnetoelectric current measurements (along b axis) under static or pulsed magnetic field (B) (along a axis) up to 45 T. Our results reveal that (1) as B increases, negative FE polarization phase coined with the Mn d-spin reorientation transition below $T=25$ K at $B=0$ T expands its region in temperature to merge into the main FE phase boundary below $T\sim 38$ K and $B\sim 20$ T (2) low temperature positive FE polarization phase stabilized with the ferromagnetic order of Tb f-spin survive up to 25 K under $B\sim 4$ T. [1] N. Hur et al., Nature 429, 392 (2004).

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