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Optical spectroscopy study on the electronic structure of $\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{B}_6$ JUNGHOO KIM, S. -J. OH, Seoul National University, YONGWOO LEE, M. G. KIM, Brookhaven National Laboratory, E. J. CHOI, University of Seoul, JONG-SOO RHYEE, B. K. CHO, Department of Materials Science and Engineering K-JIST, C. C. HOMES, Brookhaven National Laboratory — The divalent hexaboride compounds RB_6 have drawn much attention for the last decade due to their interesting electrical and magnetic properties. In EuB_6 , the optical spectroscopy measurement showed an unusual shift of the plasma frequency across the ferromagnetic transition. While Ca bears no magnetic moment, CaB_6 exhibits weak ferromagnetism at high temperature. Although the band structure is a prerequisite to the understanding of these unconventional phenomena, the consensus among the theoretical and experimental works has not been reached. In this work, the optical conductivity of $\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{B}_6$ has been obtained from reflectivity and ellipsometry measurements for series of compositions, $0 < x < 1$. The interband part of $\sigma_1(\omega)$ shifts continuously to higher frequency as x increases. Also the intraband spectral weight decreases rapidly and essentially vanishes for $x \geq x_c = 0.35$. These results show that the valence band and the conduction band of $\text{Eu}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{B}_6$ move away from each other such that their band overlap decreases with increasing Ca. As a result, the electronic state evolves from the semimetallic structure of EuB_6 to the insulating CaB_6 where the two bands are separated to open a finite gap (~ 0.25 eV) at the X-point of the Brillouin zone.

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