Single molecule studies in spatially restricted fluid systems
HAROLD CRAIGHEAD, Cornell University

We have used simple nanofluidic devices to isolate individual active biomolecules in solution in order to observe their identity and activity. We have employed metallic apertures a few tens of nanometers in diameter to confine a region of optical excitation to a volume on the order of $10^{-20}$ liters, which allows for the observation of single molecule binding activity at meaningful rates and concentrations. Small fluid channels have also been used to isolate individual optically detected molecules. Temporal observation of either the driven or diffusive motion of molecules through the restricted observation volume provides information about the identity of the molecule and can also be used to detect specific chemical binding events. Single specific molecular binding events can be observed by optically observing the spectral characteristics of labeled molecules. In this talk we will describe several approaches and applications of the single molecule studies in microfabricated fluidic systems.