## Abstract Submitted for the MAR05 Meeting of The American Physical Society

**Probing** of Spin **Pairing** Superconductiing in (TMTSF)<sub>2</sub>ClO<sub>4</sub> with <sup>77</sup>Se Knight Shift Measurement J. SHINAGAWA, Dept.Phys.and Astro.UCLA, C. PARKER, Harvey Mudd, F. ZHANG, B. ALAVI, S.E. BROWN, Dept.Phys.and Astro.UCLA — We report measurements of the <sup>77</sup>Se Knight shift at low temperatures and  $\vec{B}(=1.38T) \parallel \vec{a}$  in the organic superconductor  $(TMTSF)_2ClO_4$ . Recent observations of an upper critical magnetic field  $H_{c2}$  exceeding the spin paramagnetic limit by a factor of order two led to suggestions that this system may be a candidate for a triplet pairing state [1]. The Knight shift is proportional to the spin susceptibility, which does not vanish for the case of triplet pairing. We were limited by heating effects to a range of temperatures  $T > .8T_c(1.38T)$ , but nevertheless observed a change in the NMR frequency consistent with a 10-15 percent reduction in the spin susceptibility relative to the normal state. We discuss the implications of these results. This research is supported by NSF grant DMR-0203806. [1] J.I. Oh and M.J. Naughton, Phys.Rev.Lett. **92**, 067001 (2004)

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