

Abstract Submitted  
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**Kinetic and Stochastic Models of 1D yeast “prions”<sup>1</sup>** KAY KUNES,  
DANIEL COX, RAJIV SINGH, UC Davis — Mammalian prion proteins (PrP) are  
of public health interest because of mad cow and chronic wasting diseases. Yeasts  
have proteins, which can undergo similar reformation and aggregation processes  
to PrP; yeast “prions” are simpler to experimentally study and model. Recent in  
vitro studies of the *SUP35* protein (1), showed long aggregates and pure exponential  
growth of the misfolded form. To explain this data, we have extended a previous  
model of aggregation kinetics along with our own stochastic approach (2). Both  
models assume reformation only upon aggregation, and include aggregate fis-  
sioning and an initial nucleation barrier. We find for sufficiently small nucleation  
rates or seeding by small dimer concentrations that we can achieve the requisite  
exponential growth and long aggregates.

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