Abstract Submitted for the MAR05 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Iso-Dissipative Measurements of Little-Parks Oscillations on Ultrathin, Superconducting Films Perforated with Nano-pores M. D. STEW-ART, JR., ZHENYI LONG, NIRAVUN PAVENAYOTIN, JAMES M. VALLES, JR., Dept. of Physics, Brown University, Providence, RI 02912, AIJUN YIN, J. M. XU, Division of Engineering, Brown University, Providence, RI 02912 — We have quench condensed ultra-thin Bi/Sb films on substrates with a regular (honeycomb) array of holes whose spacing is of the same order as the coherence length. The resulting films retain the same perforated structure as the substrate with a much longer penetration depth than previous studies [1]. Iso-dissipative measurments of magnetic field vs temperature have been made at several different fractions of the normal state resistance. The magnitude of the Little-Parks oscillations grows with decreased dissipation level, agreeing qualitatively with expectations for such a phasecoherent effect. In addition, the number of oscillations grow with hole size reflecting an increase in vortex pinning by the holes [2,3]. Our latest data will be presented and discussed within the context of the relative roles of amplitude and phase fluctuations for films near the Superconductor to Insulator Transition. We acknowledge the support of the NSF through DMR0203608 and an REU supplement. [1] U. Welp et al., Phys. Rev. B, 66, 212507 (2002). [2] A. I. Buzdin, Phys. Rev. B, 47, 11416 (1993). [3] V. V. Metlushko et al., Europhys Lett., 41 (3), 333 (1998).

> Michael Stewart, Jr. Dept. of Physics, Brown University, Providence, RI 02912

Date submitted: 01 Dec 2004

Electronic form version 1.4