

Abstract Submitted
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Theoretical Study of Na₃-C₆₀ and Na₄-C₆₀ Clusters: Pathways to Nanoscale Contacts DANIEL BULNES, NICHOLE MOYA-LEYBA, ERICA VELARDE, AJIT HIRA, Northern NM Community College — We continue our interest in fullerene-alkali complexes¹⁻² by investigating the physical and chemical properties of Na₃-C₆₀ and Na₄-C₆₀ systems. Five categories of adsorption sites for the alkali atoms on the fullerene molecule, namely fivefold, threefold, midbond-long, midbond-short and top, are considered. Electron correlation effects, using both Many Body Perturbation Theory (MBPT) and Density Functional Theories (DFT) are incorporated in the calculations for binding energies and optimal intermolecular bondlengths. For these complexes, various properties including bondlengths, ground-state energies, optimum adsorbate distances, dissociation channels, and dissociation energies are presented. Possibility of tunneling between different sites is investigated. We also examine implications for the fabrication of nanoscale contacts, and for the study of dynamical systems involving C₆₀.

1. A. S. Hira and A. K. Ray, Phys. Rev. **A 52**, 141(1995); **A 54**, 2205(1996).
2. A. S. Hira, Billy Terrazas, Erica Velarde and Desirae Vigil, “An *Ab Initio* Theoretical Study of Alkali-C₆₀ and Alkali-(C₆₀)_n Clusters,” Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. **49**, 599 (March 2004).

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