Abstract Submitted for the MAR05 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Cu L3,2 and Ba M4,5 electro-optic effects in 50 nm YBa2Cu3O7 (YBCO) films on SrTiO3 (STO) bi-crystals with a 24 DEG ab-grain boundary<sup>1</sup> J.V. ACRIVOS, H.S. SAHIBUDEEN, SJSU, M.A. NAVACERRADA, SJSU and Complutense University, J.B. KORTRIGHT, Mat. Sci. Div. LBNL, P. NACHIMUTHU, LBNL — . Two different films prepared at the Complutense University with a superconducting transition temperature  $T_c = 90 \pm 1$  K, and characterized by X-ray diffraction at SSRL were investigated at station 6.3.1 of LBNL-ALS by enhanced YBCO 001 scattering  $(I_s)$ , total electron yield (TEY) and fluorescence (F) at the Cu  $L_{2,3}$  and Ba  $M_{4,5}$  edges. The energy scale was calibrated by the Ti  $L_{2,3}$  absorption from the spectrometer mirror, and the line shapes/intensities were checked using BaBr<sub>2</sub> and CuO standard references. The penetration depths at these energies ensure that the sample bulk dominated the F and  $I_s$  signals. Comparison of  $I_s/I_0$  with TEY/I<sub>0</sub> and F/I<sub>0</sub> indicates that the scattered linearly polarized light undergoes a rotation. The Hilbert-Kramers-Kronig analysis of  $F/I_0$  and  $I_s/I_0$  with Lorentzian line shapes of an eV width indicate extra absorption one eV above the  $L_3$  edge that may be due to excitons.

<sup>1</sup>Dreyfus Foundation, NSF, NATO, DOE

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Date submitted: 07 Dec 2004

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