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**High Pressure Structural Phase Transitions in Lithium Nitride**

AMY LAZICKI, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, University of California at Davis, CHOONG-SHIK YOO, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, WARREN PICKETT, RICHARD SCALETTAR, University of California at Davis, MADDOURY SOMAYAZULU, DANIEL HAUSERMANN, HP-CAT, Advanced Photon Source — High pressure behaviors of  $\text{Li}_3\text{N}$  have been investigated by using synchrotron x-ray diffraction up to 200 GPa in a diamond anvil cell. We found that  $\text{Li}_3\text{N}$  undergoes a structural phase transition from a layered hexagonal to a close-packed cubic phase at 36-45 GPa with a large volume collapse of 8%. The high-pressure cubic phase is stable up to at least 200 GPa, the maximum pressure applied in the present experiments. We have also carried out first principles calculations on the high-pressure phase and found good agreement between the calculated and measured EOS. These calculations further predict a widening of the band gap up to a volume compression of 33% of the initial volume before the eventual collapse and metallization at a pressure of 7.9 TPa. The high-stability of wide-band gap  $\text{Li}_3\text{N}$  is, therefore, analogous to those of NaCl, MgO and Ne. This work has been supported by the LDRD-04-ERD-020 at the LLNL, University of California, under the auspices of the U.S. DOE under Contract No. W-7405-ENG-48 .

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