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Resonance in Microwave Spectra of Bilayer Hole Sample ZHI-HAI WANG, Princeton University, Y. CHEN, Princeton University, G. SAMBAN-DAMURTHY, Princeton University, L. W. ENGEL, NHMFL, D. C. TSUI, Princeton University, E. TUTUC, IBM, M. SHAYEGAN, Princeton University — We report microwave spectra of a bilayer hole sample, with nominal interlayer distance $d \approx 230$ Å and balanced total density $p \approx 7.46 \times 10^{10}$ cm⁻². The wafer was designed to suppress interlayer tunneling; dc transport studies [1] of other pieces of the wafer exhibited the interlayer-coherent quantum Hall effect at total Landau filling factor $\nu=1$, with an insulating phase reentrant around it. In the present study, a clearly identifiable peak in the spectrum ($\operatorname{Re}(\sigma_{xx})$) vs frequency) appears at 3.2 GHz as ν is decreased below ~0.9. The peak frequency increases with decreasing ν to ~ 5 GHz at $\nu = 0.2$. Though quite broad (Q~1) for $\nu > 0.5$, the resonance sharpens drastically as ν is decreased below that value, reaching Q ≈ 10 at $\nu = 0.2$. Particularly for $\nu < 0.5$, the resonance can be interpreted analogously to that observed in single layer 2D hole systems [2], as a pinning mode of a Wigner crystal. [1] E. Tutuc et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 076802 (2003). [2] C. C. Li et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 79, 1353 (1997).

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