

Abstract Submitted  
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**Spin-state Transition Associated with the Magnetization Jump on  $Y_{1-x}Sr_xCoO_{3-\delta}$  Compounds ( $x=0.67, 0.75$ )** M. IZUMI, Y.F. ZHANG, S. SASAKI, Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology, O. YANAGISAWA, Yuge National College of Maritime Technology — Perovskite-type compounds  $Y_{1-x}Sr_xCoO_3$  ( $x=0.67, 0.75$ ) were prepared by the conventional solid state method and sintered under air and  $O_2$  flow. There is a DC magnetization jump during the field cooling at 0.01 T and then it comes normally back to high temperature in the specimens, which is called as magnetic memory effect. The  $Co^{3+}$  ions spin state transition from low to intermediate state results in the magnetization jump. The jump temperature ( $T_J$ ) and magnetization increase with the  $x$  increases. With increasing the magnetic field, the magnetization jump disappears. Air-processed samples exhibit higher  $T_J$  and larger magnetization than  $O_2$ -processed samples. The main reason is the different content of  $Co^{3+}$  ions due to the oxygen deficiency under the different prepared conditions. Samples with  $x=0.75$  show the higher Curie temperature ( $T_C$ ) and at almost the same temperature the cusp appears in the zero-field curve. At the same time, there is another small cusp in the zero-field curve in  $x = 0.75$  samples.

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