

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR06 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Thin Ising films with both competing surface fields and a magnetic field gradient: A Monte Carlo study** LIJUN PANG, D.P. LANDAU, Center for Simulational Physics, University of Georgia, Athens, GA30602, K. BINDER, Institute of Physics, University of Mainz, Germany — Extensive Monte Carlo simulations are used to study the interesting effects resulting from a linearly varying magnetic field on a thin Ising film (equivalent to applying gravity to the corresponding lattice-gas model). Besides competing surface fields acting on two LxL free surfaces a distance D apart from each other, we also apply a magnetic field g that varies linearly between the surfaces and which competes with the surface fields. To determine the phase diagram, we look for bulk two-phase coexistence at different values of g and temperature T. In situations with only competing surface fields applied, the interface unbinding transition <sup>1</sup> happens at temperature  $T_c(D)$ . The addition of the g field produces a phase diagram in which, as g increases, the temperature bounding bulk two-phase coexistence first goes up from  $T_c(D)$ , and then decreases. For small g, we find a second order transition, whereas for large g, the transition appears to be first order. We will compare our simulation results with theoretical predictions <sup>2</sup>.

\*Research supported by NSF

<sup>1</sup>K.Binder, D.P.Landau, A.M.Ferrenberg, Phys.Rev.E **51**, 2824(1995)

<sup>2</sup>J.Rogiers, J.O.Indekeu, Europhys.Lett. **24**, 21(1993)

Lijun Pang  
Center for Simulational Physics, The University of Georgia

Date submitted: 28 Nov 2005

Electronic form version 1.4