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Many-Impurity Effects in Fourier Transform Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy WILLIAM ATKINSON, Trent University — Fourier transform scanning tunneling spectroscopy (FTSTS) is a useful technique for extracting details of the momentum-resolved electronic band structure from inhomogeneities in the local density of states due to disorder-related quasiparticle scattering. To a large extent, current understanding of FTSTS is based on models of Friedel oscillations near isolated impurities. Here, a framework for understanding many-impurity effects is developed based on a systematic treatment of the variance  $\Delta \rho^2(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$  of the Fourier transformed local density of states  $\rho(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$ . One important consequence of this work is a demonstration that the poor signal-to-noise ratio inherent in  $\rho(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$ due to randomness in impurity positions can be eliminated by configuration averaging  $\Delta \rho^2(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$ . Furthermore, we develop a diagrammatic perturbation theory for  $\Delta \rho^2(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$  and show that an important bulk quantity, the mean-free-path, can be extracted from FTSTS experiments.

> William Atkinson Trent University

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