

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR06 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Superconductivity of Li, Al and K under pressure GIANNI PROFETA, Univ. di L'Aquila (Italy) — C Franchini[§], N. N. Lathiotakis[†], A. Floris^{†§}, A. Sanna[§], M. A. L. Marques[†], M. Lüders[‡], S. Massidda[§], E. K. U. Gross[†], A. Continenza^{*}.

^{*} CASTI - INFM and Dip. Fis., Univ. di L'Aquila, I-67010 Coppito (L'Aquila) Italy;

[§] SLACS INFM and Dip. Fis., Univ. di Cagliari, I-09042 Monserrato (Ca), Italy;

[†] Institut für Theoretische Physik, Freie Universität Berlin, Arnimallee 14, D-14195 Berlin, Germany; [‡] Daresbury Lab., Warrington WA4 4AD, United Kingdom.

Extreme pressure strongly affects the superconducting properties of “simple” metals, like Li, K and Al. Using the new ab-initio method of density functional theory of the superconducting state, we report investigations on the superconducting properties of dense Li, K and Al. Our results show an unprecedented agreement with experiments, assess the predictive power of the method over a wide range of densities and electron-phonon couplings, and provide predictions for K, where no experiments exist so far. For fcc K we predict a superconducting phase transition at 18 GPa, with a maximum critical temperature of about 2 K at 23 GPa, the pressure where the crossover between the fcc and the K *III* structure experimentally occurs. We studied the effect of pressure on the electronic and vibrational properties of alkali, showing a progressive phonon softening near the K point of the Brillouin zone and a concomitant enhancement of the electron-phonon coupling constant λ .

Gianni Profeta
Univ. di L'Aquila (Italy)

Date submitted: 30 Nov 2005

Electronic form version 1.4