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Vibrational properties of a Li - OH complex in  $ZnO^1$  K. R. MAR-TIN, Lehigh University, University of Pittsburgh at Johnstown, P. M. BLANEY, G. A. SHI, M. STAVOLA, W. B. FOWLER, Lehigh University — Considerable interest has developed on the potential use of II-VI oxides as electronic and optical materials. In several cases alkali atoms have been suggested as dopants. We report on the theoretical and experimental investigation of infrared and vibrational properties of a Li-OH complex in ZnO. Earlier infrared experiments<sup>[1]</sup> revealed a broad OH-like band centered at  $3577.3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (12K), with full width at half maximum ranging from  $0.4 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (12K) to 41.3 cm<sup>-1</sup> (300K) and a corresponding shift in peak position of -  $29 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , suggesting a significant coupling of the OH stretch with other modes. We have performed similar experiments on the OD version of this defect and have theoretically investigated [2,3] the coupling of these stretch modes to other modes. The lack of a significant isotope dependence of the resulting parameters suggests that the defect couples to the host rather than the large-amplitude motion of the H or D itself. 1. L. E. Halliburton et al., J. Appl. Phys. 96, 7168 (2004). 2. B. N. J. Persson and R. Ryberg, Phys. Rev. B 32, 3586 (1985). [3] M. Budde et al., Phys. Rev. B 63, 195203 (2001).

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