Mean-field description of Anderson localization transition

JIN-DRICH KOLORENC, Center for High Performance Simulation and Department of Physics, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695-8202, VACLAV JANIS, Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Na Slovance 2, CZ-18221 Praha 8, Czech Republic — The Anderson model of noninteracting disordered electrons is studied in high spatial dimensions. In this limit the coupled Bethe-Salpeter equations determining two-particle vertices (parquet equations) reduce to a single algebraic equation for a local vertex. We find a disorder-driven bifurcation point in this equation signaling vanishing of electron diffusion and onset of Anderson localization. There is no bifurcation in $d = 1, 2$ where all states are localized. In dimensions $d \geq 3$ the mobility edge separating metallic and insulating phase is found for various types of disorder and compared with results of other treatments.