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IR phonons induced by the helical magnetic order in multiferroic  $\mathbf{TbMn}_{2}\mathbf{O}_{5}^{-1}$  ROLANDO VALDES AGUILAR, A. SUSHKOV, H.D. DREW, University of Maryland. College Park, MD 20742, S.W. CHEONG, Rutgers University. Piscataway, NJ 08854 — The interplay between magnetic order and the lattice in multiferroic crystals has produced such interesting phenomena as polarization reversal and change of dielectric properties with magnetic fields<sup>2</sup>. Ferroelectricity in the multiferroic materials  $\text{REMn}_2\text{O}_5$  (RE = rare earth) is thought to originate from a helical antiferromagnetic order. In order to study this possibility we have made an infrared study of TbMn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. We find that several IR phonons show correlations with the distinct magnetic and dielectric phase transitions. Of special interest is the phonon spectrum for light polarization along the b axis where a mode at  $\sim$ 706 cm<sup>-1</sup> exists only in the commensurate magnetic phase with  $\mathbf{k} = (1/2, 0, 1/4)$  in the temperature range of 24-33 K. Possible scenarios for this phonon are: (1) the appearance of zone-folded modes; (2) the activation of previously silent modes due to the reduction of crystal symmetry. These scenarios are discussed in terms of the spin-lattice coupling in this class of materials.

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