Angular Dependent Torque Measurements on CeCoIn$_5$ Single Crystals

H. XIAO, T. HU, C. C. ALMASAN, Kent State University, T. A. SAYLES, M. B. MAPLE, University of California, San Diego — Angular dependent torque measurements were performed on single crystals of CeCoIn$_5$ heavy fermion superconductor ($T_c = 2.3$ K) in the temperature $T$ range $1.9$ K $\leq T \leq 20$ K and magnetic fields $H$ up to 14 T. Large paramagnetic effect is found in the normal state due to magnetic moment of the magnetic ion Ce$^{3+}$. Torque measurements in the mixed state were also performed. The torque curves show sharp hysteresis peaks at $\theta = 90^\circ$ ($\theta$ is the angle between $H$ and the $c$–axis of the crystal), a result of intrinsic pinning of vortices. The anisotropy $\gamma \equiv \sqrt{m_c/m_a}$ in the mixed state was determined from the reversible part of the vortex contribution to the torque signal using Kogan’s model [Phys. Rev. B 38, 7049 (1988)]. The anisotropy $\gamma$ decreases with increasing magnetic field and temperature. The fact that $\gamma$ is not a constant points towards a multiband scenario in this heavy fermion material.

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H. Xiao

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