

Abstract Submitted  
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**Infrared Hall effect in underdoped and optimally doped  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$** <sup>1</sup> LINGYUN SHI, D. SCHMADEL, H.D. DREW, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742, I. TSUKADA, Y. ANDO, Materials Science Research Laboratory, CRIEPI, Tokyo, Japan — We report a study of magneto-optical properties in the mid-infrared region of a series of  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$  samples with hole doping level ranging from severely underdoped ( $x = 0.03$ ) to optimally doped ( $x = 0.15$ ). The Faraday rotation and circular dichroism are measured in a magnetic field of 8 Tesla and in a temperature range between 30K and 300K. The doping and temperature dependence of infrared Hall angle is found to be consistent with a simple Drude model. A significant increase of Hall frequency is observed when the hole doping level is reduced from optimal doping, which is consistent with a drastic reduction of the volume of Fermi surface in the underdoped sample. These results are similar to results of an earlier study of underdoped  $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{6+x}$  [L. B. Rigal, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 93,137002 (2004)]. Both experiments will be compared with theoretical models of the IR Hall effect.

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