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Ultrafast Carrier Relaxation Measurements of SWCNT-Doped Polymer Thin Films¹ ELAINE LALANNE, BRENITRA MOSLEY, ANTHONY JOHNSON, Center for Advanced Studies in Photonics Research (CASPR), University of Maryland Baltimore County — The primary application of interest of single-walled carbon nanotube (SWCNT) -doped polymer thin films is to serve as a replacement of gold active regions on integrated optic surface enhanced biosensors and as potential transparent conducting polymers. In addition, the ultrafast non-linear optical switching properties are of particular interest. We report femtosecond time-resolved measurements on SWCNT -doped polymer thin films. These films were made by spin-coating the monomer-SWCNTs suspension onto glass substrates and UV curing to initiate polymerization. The SWCNTs are predominately semiconducting. The thin film contains ~ 0.4 wt % of SWCNTs, with an average thickness of $7 \mu\text{m}$. Non-degenerate pump-probe transmission experiments were performed using λ_{pump} at 400 nm and white light continuum as the probe beam generated by a modelocked Ti:Sapphire laser ($\tau_p=160$ fs, rep. rate 250 kHz). Preliminary results indicated two lifetimes: the fast decay of 1.4 ps and a longer relaxation time of 18 ps. Experiments are underway to study the carrier dynamics and determine the magnitude of the nonlinearity.

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