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Photodissociation dynamics of ethyl ethynyl ether: A ketyl radical precursor MARIA KRISCH, JOHANNA MILLER, LAURIE BUTLER, University of Chicago, HONGMEI SU, RICHARD BERSOHN¹, Columbia University, JINIAN SHU, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory — We investigate the photodissociation dynamics of ethyl ethynyl ether at 193.3 nm with crossed laser-molecular beam photofragment translational spectroscopy and laser-induced fluorescence. We establish ethyl ethynyl ether as the first clean precursor to the ketyl radical, a key species in combustion reactions. One major bond fission channel was observed for the system, cleavage along the HCCO-C₂H₅ bond, leading to ground state C₂H₅ (ethyl) radicals and HCCO (ketyl) radical products in two distinct electronic states. We observed neither cleavage of the other C-O bond nor molecular elimination to form C₂H₄ + CH₂CO (ketene). Ketyl radicals formed in the higher recoil kinetic energy channel could be either $\tilde{X}(^2A'')$ or $\tilde{A}(^2A')$ state ketyl radical. We assign the lower recoil kinetic energy channel to the spin forbidden $\tilde{a}(^4A'')$ state of the ketyl radical, reached through intersystem crossing. Laser-induced fluorescence from the ketyl radical peaks after a 20 μ s delay, indicating that it is formed with a significant amount of internal energy and subsequently relaxes to the lowest vibrational level of the ground electronic state, a result consistent with the product assignment.

¹Deceased

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