Abstract Submitted for the MAR06 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Continuous separation of serum from human whole blood within a microfluidic device JOHN DAVIS, Princeton University, DAVID INGLIS, Princeton University, JAMES STURM, Princeton University, ROBERT AUSTIN, Princeton University — We were able to demonstrate separation of red and white blood cells from their native blood plasma, using a technique known as deterministic lateral displacement. The device takes advantage of asymmetric bifurcation of laminar flow around obstacles. This asymmetry creates a size dependent deterministic path through the device. All components of a given size follow equivalent migration paths, leading to high resolution. A subsequent version of the device will focus on the removal of platelets from whole blood. Samples will be extracted from the microfluidic device and analyzed by conventional flow cytometry.

> John Davis Princeton University

Date submitted: 30 Nov 2005

Electronic form version 1.4