

Abstract Submitted
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Temperature Dependent Electroluminescence of Alq₃ Based OLEDs AJITH DESILVA, H. P. WAGNER, Department of Physics, University of Cincinnati, OH 45221, R. A. JONES, W. LI, A. STEKL, Department of ECECS, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati OH 45221 — The temperature dependent I-V characteristics and electroluminescence (EL) of an ITO/PEDOT/NPD/Alq₃/LiF–Al OLED is investigated. The I-V measurements reveal a trap charge limited current behavior with characteristic trap energy of 53 meV. The EL of the device is compared with the photoluminescence (PL) of a 50 nm thick Alq₃ film on Si (001) in the range from 10 to 320 K. The EL efficiency of the device shows similar temperature dependence as the PL intensity obtained from the Alq₃ film. The OLED brightness saturates at 10,000 cd/m² (T = 300 K; V = 15 V). For a constant forward bias (8 V) the maximum EL efficiency of the device is 2.2 cd/A obtained at 180 K. The maximum PL efficiency of the Alq₃ film is observed at the same temperature (180 K). Furthermore, both the EL and PL spectra reveal a maximum redshift at 180 K which is tentatively attributed to the formation of self-trapped excitons within the Alq₃ layer.

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