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High resolution infrared and microwave spectra of OCS solvated in helium clusters. WOLFGANG JAEGER, University of Alberta, ROBERT MCKELLAR, National Research Council of Canada, YUNJIE XU, University of Alberta — In recent years, exciting progress has been made in determining the onset and following the evolution of a bulk phase property, namely superfluidity, in the microscopic size regime. Our previous microwave and infrared studies of small $\text{He}_N\text{-OCS}$ and $\text{He}_N\text{-N}_2\text{O}$ clusters extended up to $N=8$ and $N=19$, respectively, and the infrared spectra with CO or CO_2 as probe reached almost up to $N=20$. We have now been able to extend the studies on $\text{He}_N\text{-OCS}$ to much larger N -values in both the infrared and microwave regions. The B rotational constants that were extracted from the spectra show unexpected, non-classical behavior as a function of N , the number of helium atoms. We will present the experimental techniques used and an interpretation of the observed trends in spectroscopic observables.

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