MAR07-2006-000110

Abstract for an Invited Paper for the MAR07 Meeting of the American Physical Society

Exploring conical intersections through high resolution photofragment translational spectroscopy¹ MICHAEL ASHFOLD, University of Bristol

High resolution measurements of the kinetic energies of H atom fragments formed during UV photolysis of gas phase imidazole, [1,2] pyrrole, [3] phenol [4] and thiophenol molecules show that: (i) X-H (X = N, O, S) bond fission is an important non-radiative decay process from the ${}^{1}\pi\sigma^{*}$ excited states in each of these molecules, and (ii) that the respective co-fragments (imidazolyl, pyrrolyl, phenoxyl and thiophenoxyl) are formed in very limited sub-sets of their available vibrational states. Identification of these product states yields uniquely detailed insights into the vibronic couplings involved in the photoinduced evolution from parent molecule to ultimate fragments.

M.N.R. Ashfold, B. Cronin, A.L. Devine, R.N. Dixon and M.G.D. Nix, *Science* (2006), **312**, 1637.
A.L. Devine, B. Cronin, M.G.D. Nix and M.N.R. Ashfold, *J. Chem. Phys.* (in press).

[3] B. Cronin, M.G.D. Nix, R.H. Qadiri and M.N.R. Ashfold, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. (2004), 6, 5031.

[4] M.G.D. Nix, A.L. Devine, B. Cronin, R.N. Dixon and M.N.R. Ashfold, J. Chem. Phys. (2006), 125, 133318.

¹Contributions to this work from group members Brid Cronin, Mike Nix, Adam Devine, Graeme King and Professor Richard Dixon F.R.S are gratefully acknowledged, as is financial support from the EPSRC via the pilot portfolio partnership LASER.