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Memory interference in stage-2 CoCl₂ graphite intercalation MASATSUGU SUZUKI, ITSUKO SUZUKI, SUNY-Binghamton, MOTOHIRO MATSUURA, Fukui University of Technology, Japan — Memory interference effects of aging behavior in stage-2 CoCl₂ GIC $(T_{cu}=8.9~{\rm K~and}~T_{cl}=6.9~{\rm K})^{1,2}$ have been studied by low frequency (f = 0.1 Hz) AC magnetic susceptibility and genuine thermorement magnetization experiments. When the system is aged at multiple stop temperatures (T_s) for wait times (typically $t_w = 3.0 \times 10^4 \text{ sec}$) during a zerofield cooling (ZFC) protocol, the AC magnetic susceptibility exhibits multiple aging holes (dips) at the stop temperatures $(T_s < T_{cu})$ on reheating. The depth of the aging hole at $T_s = 6.0$ K is logarithmically proportional to the wait time. The depth of thr aging hole (for the same t_w) exhibits a local maximum at 6.5 K just below T_{cl} . It drastically decreases with increasing temperature and reduces to zero above T_{cu} . The genuine thermoremnant magnetization (TRM) measurement also indicates that the memory of the specific spin configurations imprinted at multiple stop temperatures between T_{cl} and T_{cu} for a wait time during the field-cooled (FC) protocol can be retrieved on reheating.

- 1. M. Suzuki, I.S. Suzuki, and M. Matsuura, Phys. Rev. B73, 184414 (2006).
- 2. M. Suzuki, I.S. Suzuki, and M. Matsuura, J. Phys. Condensed Matter in press, Proceeding of HFM 2006, Osaka, Japan (August, 2006).

Masatsugu Suzuki SUNY-Binghamton

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